



Spatial Digital Database for the Geologic Map of Oregon

Geology compiled by George W. Walker and Norman S. MacLeod
Spatial database by Robert J. Miller, Gary L. Raines, and Katherine A. Connors¹

Open File Report 03-67
Digital database, version 2.0

2002
(map originally published in 1991)

Database approved for February 20, 2003

This report is preliminary and has not been reviewed for conformity with U.S. Geological Survey editorial standards or with the North American Stratigraphic Code. Any use of trade, product, or firm names is for descriptive purposes only and does not imply endorsement by the U.S. Government. The digital database is not meant to be used or displayed at any scale larger than 1:500,000.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

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Introduction

This report describes and makes available a geologic digital spatial database (*orgeo*) representing the geologic map of Oregon (Walker and MacLeod, 1991). The original paper publication was printed as a single map sheet at a scale of 1:500,000, accompanied by a second sheet containing map unit descriptions and ancillary data. A digital version of the Walker and MacLeod (1991) map was included in Raines and others (1996).

The dataset provided by this open-file report supercedes the earlier published digital version (Raines and others, 1996). This digital spatial database is one of many being created by the U.S. Geological Survey as an ongoing effort to provide geologic information for use in spatial analysis in a geographic information system (GIS). This database can be queried in many ways to produce a variety of geologic maps. This database is not meant to be used or displayed at any scale larger than 1:500,000 (for example, 1:100,000).

This report describes the methods used to convert the geologic map data into a digital format, describes the ArcInfo GIS file structures and relationships, and explains how to download the digital files from the U.S. Geological Survey public access World Wide Web site on the Internet. Scanned images of the printed map (Walker and MacLeod, 1991), their correlation of map units, and their explanation of map symbols are also available for download.

Data Sources, Processing, and Acknowledgements

A digital version of Walker and MacLeod's geologic map of Oregon was first published by Raines and others (1996) as a mechanism to archive a collection of files that had evolved over time. Negatives for the printed map sheet were originally prepared on a Scitex computer system. The Scitex formatted files were later converted to an ArcInfo format by personnel of the National Mapping Division of the U.S. Geological Survey. These files contained map unit labels but did not contain attributed linework. Faults were later digitized into a separate file and attributed by a contractor to the USGS.

With this release of a second digital dataset, several enhancements have been made. Faults, previously provided in a separate spatial database, were combined with the geologic contacts and map units spatial database. A rubbersheeting process was employed to improve the fit of the original dataset to topographic and other base layers. In addition, the dataset was adjusted and cropped to conform to an Oregon state boundary derived from 1:100,000 scale Digital Line Graph (DLG) files. This was done as part an effort to produce a mosaic of state geologic map databases for the entire United States.

Processing by the U.S. Geological Survey was first done on a Scitex system. Subsequent processing was done in ArcInfo (in versions 5 thru 7 installed on Sun and in version 8 installed on Dell workstations).

Manuscript and digital data review by Helen Z. Kayser (contractor) is greatly appreciated.

GIS Documentation

The digital geologic map of Oregon consists of a single spatial database (*orgeo*) which contains map units and lines. The feature attribute tables include a geologic linework table, ORGEO.AAT, that relates to the ORGEO.CON, ORGEO.ST2 and ORGEO.REF files, and rock unit table, ORGEO.PAT, that relates to the ORGEO.RU and ORGEO.REF files (see [fig. 1.](#)) These data files are described below.

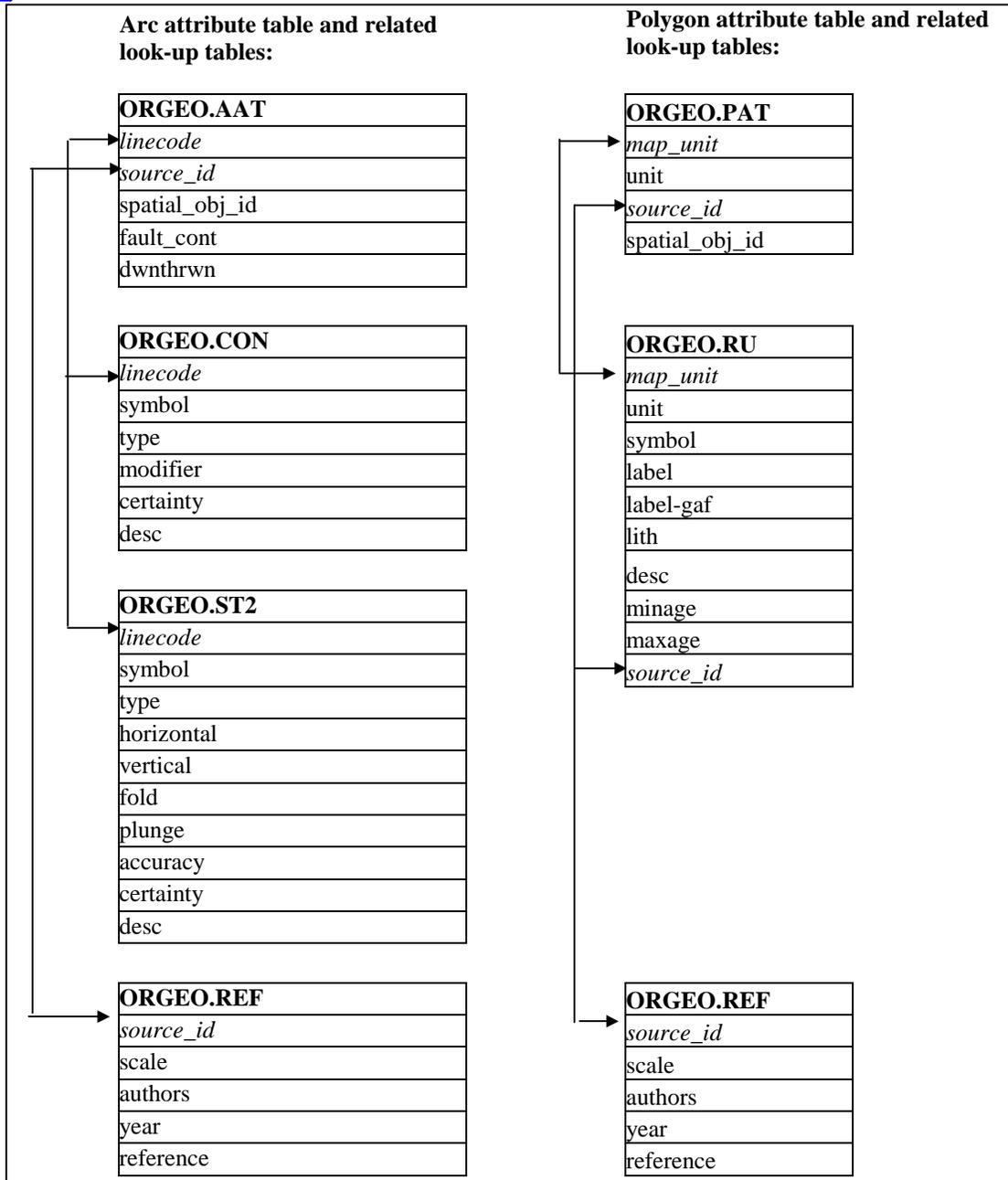


Figure 1: Relationships between feature attribute tables and look-up tables.

Linear Features

Descriptions of the items identifying linear features such as contacts, boundaries (for example, lines of latitude and longitude, state boundaries) and structures in the arc (or line) attribute table, **ORGEO.AAT**, are as follows:

ORGEO.AAT			
ITEM NAME	ITEM TYPE	ITEM LENGTH	ATTRIBUTE DESCRIPTION
linecode	integer	3	Numeric code used to identify type of linear feature. Linecodes < 100 are used for contacts and boundaries which are described in the ORGEO.CON file. Linecodes > 100 and < 600 represent structural features which are described in the ORGEO.ST2 file.
source_id	integer	4	Numeric code used to identify the data source for the linear feature. Complete references for the sources are listed in the ORGEO.REF file.
spatial_obj_id	integer	12	Unique numeric identifier for each object in the <i>orgeo</i> feature attribute tables (<i>orgeo.aat</i> and <i>orgeo.pat</i>). (This numeric identifier is NOT duplicated in the <i>orgeo.pat</i> feature attribute table.)
fault_cont	character	4	Indicates whether fault constitutes a contact between rock units
dwnthrwn	character	5	Indicates the sense of movement on the fault. The side indicated by the compass direction is downdropped.

Attribute descriptions for items in the contact (and boundary) lookup-table, **ORGEO.CON** are as follows:

ORGEO.CON			
ITEM NAME	ITEM TYPE	ITEM LENGTH	ATTRIBUTE DESCRIPTION
linecode	integer	3	Numeric code (a value < 100) used to identify type of contact or boundary. (This item also occurs in ORGEO.AAT.)
symbol	integer	3	Line symbol number used by ArcInfo to plot lines. Symbol numbers refer to the WP.LIN lineset
type	character	10	Major type of line, for example, contact, state boundaries, lines of latitude and longitude used for neatlines.
modifier	character	20	Line type modifier, for example, approximate, concealed, gradational. No entry implies 'known.'
certainty	character	15	Degree of certainty of contact or boundary, for example, inferred, uncertain. No entry implies 'certain'
desc	character	100	Written description or explanation of contact / boundary.

Attribute descriptions for items in the structure look-up table, **ORGEO.ST2**, are as follows:

ORGEO.ST2			
ITEM NAME	ITEM TYPE	ITEM LENGTH	ATTRIBUTE DESCRIPTION
linecode	integer	3	Numeric code (a value > 100 and < 600) used to identify type of structural feature. (This item also occurs in ORGEO.AAT.)
symbol	integer	3	Line symbol number used by ArcInfo to plot arc (line). Symbol numbers refer to the GEOL_SFO.LIN lineset.
type	character	10	Major type of structure, for example, fault, fracture, fold, other.
fold	character	15	Type of fold, for example, anticline, syncline.
plunge	character	15	Type of plunge on fold, for example, horizontal, plunging, plunging in, plunging out.
accuracy	character	15	Line type modifier indicating degree of accuracy, for example, approximately located, concealed, gradational. No entry implies 'known'
certainty	character	15	Degree of certainty of contact or boundary, for example, inferred, uncertain. No entry implies 'certain.'
desc	character	100	Written description or explanation of structural feature.

Areal Features

Descriptions of the items identifying geologic units in the polygon attribute table, **ORGEO.PAT** are as follows:

ORGEO.PAT			
ITEM NAME	ITEM TYPE	ITEM LENGTH	ATTRIBUTE DESCRIPTION
map_unit	character	10	Rock unit label. Map unit is described in the ORGEO.RU look-up table. (This item also occurs in ORGEO.RU.)
unit	integer	4	Numeric code used to identify rock unit. (This item also occurs in ORGEO.RU.)
source_id	integer	4	Numeric code used to identify the data source for the rock unit. Complete references for the sources are listed in the ORGEO.REF file.
spatial_obj_id	integer	12	Unique numeric identifier for each object in the <i>orgeo</i> feature attribute tables (<i>orgeo.aat</i> and <i>orgeo.pat</i>). (This numeric identifier is NOT duplicated in the <i>orgeo.aat</i> feature attribute table.)

Attribute descriptions for items in the lithology (rock unit) look-up table, **ORGEO.RU** are as follows:

ORGEO.RU			
ITEM NAME	ITEM TYPE	ITEM LENGTH	ATTRIBUTE DESCRIPTION
map_unit	character	10	Alphanumeric code used to identify rock unit. (This item also occurs in ORGEO.PAT.)
unit	integer	4	Numeric code used to identify rock unit. (This item also occurs in ORGEO.PAT.)
label	character	10	Rock unit label (abbreviation) for use with standard alphabetic characters.
label-gaf	character	10	Rock unit label (abbreviation) that uses the GeoAgeFullAlpha font, ver. 1.1 (Richard Koch, personal commun., 2001).
lith	character	50	Major type of lithostratigraphic unit, for example, unconsolidated sediments, sedimentary rocks, metasedimentary rocks, intrusive rocks, extrusive rocks, metamorphic rocks, water, ice.
desc	character	250	Formal or informal unit name
minage	character	7	Minimum stratigraphic age of lithologic unit, for example, CRET, TERT, M PROT.
maxage	character	7	Maximum stratigraphic age of lithologic unit

Source Attributes

Descriptive source or reference information is stored in the **ORGEO.REF** look-up table. Attribute descriptions for items in the **ORGEO.REF** file is as follows:

ORGEO.REF			
ITEM NAME	ITEM TYPE	ITEM LENGTH	ATTRIBUTE DESCRIPTION
source_id	integer	4	Numeric code used to identify the data source. (This item also occurs in the ORGEO.AAT, and ORGEO.PAT files.)
scale	integer	8	Scale of source map. (This value is the denominator of the proportional fraction that identifies the scale of the map that was digitized or scanned to produce the digital map.)
authors	character	200	Author(s) or compiler(s) of source map entered as last name, first name or initial, and middle initial.
year	integer	4	Source (map) publication date
reference	character	250	Remainder of reference in USGS reference format.

Obtaining Digital Data

The complete digital version of the geologic map is available in Arc Info interchange format with associated data files. These data are maintained in a Lambert coordinate system:

Projection: Lambert Conformal Conic
Units: meters
Datum: NAD27
Spheroid: Clarke1866
Central meridian -120 30 00
Standard parallel 33 00 00
Standard parallel 45 00 00

To obtain copies of the digital data, do one of the following:

- Download from the USGS World Wide Web site: URL = <http://geopubs.wr.usgs.gov/open-file/of03-67/> OR http://geopubs.wr.usgs.gov/docs/wrgis/state_geol_maps.html OR
- Anonymous FTP from geopubs.wr.usgs.gov, in the directory **pub/open-file/of03-67**

These Internet sites contain the spatial data and metadata for the geologic map of Oregon as ArcInfo exchange-format files (see listing of files in Appendix A). Formatted metadata (Federal Geographic Data Committee-compliant) is included as Appendix B.

To manipulate this data in a spatial database, you must have a GIS platform that is capable of importing ArcInfo interchange-format files.

Obtaining Paper Maps

Printed copies of the Walker and MacLeod (1991) publication, Geologic Map of Oregon, are available for purchase from the U.S. Geological Survey Earth Science Information Center. Digital JPEG images of their map sheets are also available as **wm1991or_map.jpg/.jgw/.aux** (georeferenced geologic map) and **wm1991or_units.jpg** (correlation of map units). These files may be downloaded from the USGS public access World Wide Web site on the Internet using the URL = http://geopubs.wr.usgs.gov/docs/wrgis/state_geol_maps.html OR <http://geopubs.wr.usgs.gov/open-file/of03-67/> OR they may be acquired via anonymous FTP from geopubs.wr.usgs.gov in the directory: **docs/wrgis**.

Paper copies of the geologic map created from the *orgeo* spatial database are not available from the U.S. Geological Survey. Paper copies of the map can be created by obtaining the digital spatial database (*orgeo*) and then creating a custom plot file in a GIS.

References Cited

- Raines, G.L, Sawatzky, D.L., and Connors, K.A., 1996, Great Basin geoscience data base: U.S. Geological Survey , Digital Data Series DDS-41, 2 CD-ROMs
- Walker, G.W. and MacLeod, N.S., 1991, Geologic map of Oregon: U.S. Geological Survey, 2 plates, scale 1:500,000.

Appendix A – List of digital files in the Oregon GIS

--Use the 'importfile.aml' or ArcToolbox to IMPORT all of the *.e00 files for use in ArcInfo.

Primary ArcInfo exchange-format (*.e00) and metadata (*.met) files for the spatial digital database:

- orgeo.e00 – line and poly dataset (contacts, faults, and map units) in Lambert Conformal Conic map projection
- orgeo.met – metadata

JPEG image (*.jpg/.jgw/.aux) and metadata (*.met) files for the Walker and MacLeod (1991) map sheets:

- wm1991or_map.jpg/.jgw/.aux – georeferenced raster image of geologic map
- wm1991or_units.jpg/.aux – image of the original correlation of map units.
- wm1991or_map.met – metadata for georeferenced raster

Appendix B

Appendix B – Metadata file (orgeo.met) for the Oregon GIS

Identification_Information:

Citation:

Citation_Information:

Originator: George W. Walker, Norman S. MacLeod, Robert J. Miller, Gary L. Raines, Katherine A. Connors

Publication_Date: 2003

Title: orgeo

Edition: version 2.0

Geospatial_Data_Presentation_Form: vector digital data

Series_Information:

Series_Name: Open-File Report

Issue_Identification: 03-67

Publication_Information:

Publication_Place: Menlo Park, California

Publisher: U.S. Geological Survey

Online_Linkage: \\geopubs.wr.usgs.gov/open-file/of03-67\

Online_Linkage: \\geopubs.wr.usgs.gov/docs/wrgis/state_geol_maps.html

Description:

Abstract:

This report publishes a geologic digital spatial database (orgeo) representing the geologic map of Oregon (Walker and MacLeod, 1991). The original paper publication was printed as a single map sheet at a scale of 1:500,000, accompanied by a second sheet containing map unit descriptions and ancillary data. A digital version of the Walker and MacLeod (1991) map was included in Raines and others (1996).

The dataset provided by this open-file report supercedes the earlier published digital version (Raines and others, 1996).

Purpose:

This report is one of many being created by the U.S. Geological Survey as an ongoing effort to provide geologic process and mineral resource information for use in spatial analysis in a geographic information system (GIS).

This database can be queried in many ways to produce a variety of geologic maps. This database is not meant to be used or displayed at any scale larger than 1:500,000 (for example, 1:100,000).

Supplemental_Information: The digital geologic map of Oregon consists of a single coverage (orgeo) which contains map units and lines. The feature attribute tables include a geologic linework table, ORGEO.AAT, that relates to the ORGEO.CON, ORGEO.ST2 and ORGEO.REF files, and rock unit table, ORGEO.PAT, that relates to the ORGEO.RU and ORGEO.REF files.

Time_Period_of_Content:

Time_Period_Information:

Single_Date/Time:

Calendar_Date: 2003

Currentness_Reference: publication date

Status:

Progress: Complete

Maintenance_and_Update_Frequency: None planned

Spatial_Domain:

Bounding_Coordinates:

West_Bounding_Coordinate: -125.391158

East_Bounding_Coordinate: -116.418390

North_Bounding_Coordinate: 46.355947

South_Bounding_Coordinate: 41.906947

Keywords:

Theme:

Theme_Keyword_Thesaurus: none

Theme_Keyword: geology

Theme_Keyword: geologic map

Theme_Keyword: geospatial database

Theme_Keyword: state map

Place:

Place_Keyword_Thesaurus: none

Place_Keyword: Oregon

Place_Keyword: State of Oregon

Place_Keyword: USA

Place_Keyword: Pacific Northwest

Access_Constraints: none

Use_Constraints:

This digital database is not intended to be used or displayed at any scale larger than 1:500,000.

Any hardcopies utilizing these data sets shall clearly indicate their source. If the user has modified the data in any way they are obligated to describe the types of modifications they have performed on the hardcopy map. User specifically agrees not to misrepresent these data sets, nor to imply that changes they made were approved by the U.S. Geological Survey.

This database has been approved for release and publication by the Director of the USGS. Although this database has been subjected to rigorous review and is substantially complete, the USGS reserves the right to revise the data pursuant to further analysis and review. Furthermore, it is released on condition that neither the USGS nor the United States Government may be held liable for any damages resulting from its authorized or unauthorized use.

Point_of_Contact:

Contact_Information:

Contact_Person_Primary:

Contact_Person: Robert J. Miller

Contact_Organization: U.S. Geological Survey

Contact_Position: geologist

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Contact_Voice_Telephone: 650 329-5407

Contact_Electronic_Mail_Address: rjmiller@usgs.gov

Data_Set_Credit:

The National Mapping Division of the U.S. Geological Survey scanned and vectorized mylar compilation sheets and converted the files to Arc/INFO.

Gary L. Raines and Katherine A. Connors (Raines and others, 1996) added a data model and additional attribute data for an initial (version 1.0) digital spatial database.

For this version 2.0, Robert J. Miller combined the geology and fault coverages from Raines and others (1996) into a single topology, adjusted (rubbersheeted) the map to improve the registration with base data, and adjusted the margin of the map so as to conform to 1:100,000-scale state boundary.

Native_Data_Set_Environment: Microsoft Windows 2000 Version 5.0 (Build 2195) Service Pack 4; ESRI ArcCatalog 8.3.0.800

Data_Quality_Information:

Logical_Consistency_Report: Polygon and chain-node topology present. Segments making up the outer and inner boundaries of a polygon tie end-to-end to completely enclose the area. Line segments are a set of sequentially numbered coordinate pairs. No duplicate features exist nor duplicate points in a data string. Intersecting lines are separated into individual line segments at the point of intersection. All nodes are represented by a single coordinate pair, which indicates the beginning or end of a line segment.

Completeness_Report: All geologic units were captured from Walker and MacLeod (1991) at a scale of 1:500,000.

Positional_Accuracy:

Horizontal_Positional_Accuracy:

Horizontal_Positional_Accuracy_Report: Database linework generally fits a scanned and georeferenced image of the original printed map with an error typically of 200-300 meters. The image used for comparison had a registration RMS error of 91 meters. This information is useful only in evaluating how well the digital database recreates the original printed map, but does not provide any information regarding the locational accuracy of the geologic features shown on the original printed map.

Lineage:

Source_Information:

Source_Citation:

Citation_Information:

Originator: George W. Walker, Norman S. MacLeod

Publication_Date: 1991

Title: Geologic Map of Oregon

Geospatial_Data_Presentation_Form: paper map

Series_Information:

Series_Name: State Geologic Map

Issue_Identification: Geologic Map of Oregon

Publication_Information:

Publication_Place: Reston, Virginia

Publisher: U.S. Geological Survey

Source_Scale_Denominator: 500000

Type_of_Source_Media: mylar

Source_Time_Period_of_Content:
 Time_Period_Information:
 Single_Date/Time:
 Calendar_Date: 1991
 Source_Currentness_Reference: publication date
 Source_Citation_Abbreviation: Walker and MacLeod, 1991
 Source_Contribution: sole source of spatial geologic map data
 Source_Information:
 Source_Citation:
 Citation_Information:
 Originator: Gary L. Raines, Don L. Sawatzky, Katherine A. Connors
 Publication_Date: 1996
 Title: Great Basin geoscience data base
 Edition: version 1.0
 Geospatial_Data_Presentation_Form: vector digital data
 Series_Information:
 Series_Name: Digital Data Series
 Issue_Identification: DDS-41
 Publication_Information:
 Publication_Place: Reston, Virginia
 Publisher: U.S. Geological Survey
 Type_of_Source_Media: CD-ROM
 Source_Time_Period_of_Content:
 Time_Period_Information:
 Single_Date/Time:
 Calendar_Date: 1996
 Source_Currentness_Reference: publication date
 Process_Step:
 Process_Description: George W. Walker and Norman S. MacLeod compiled the geology on 1:400,000-scale quarters of the 1982 version of the Oregon topographic basemap. These data were digitized and reprojected to the 1982 1:500,000-scale state base map. This work was done on a SCITEX system by USGS National Mapping Division Thematic Map Unit personnel. The SCITEX files were then converted ARC/INFO format.
 Process_Date: 1990
 Process_Step:
 Process_Description: Proof plots were made from the digital files and reviewed by various geologists familiar with Oregon geology. A few misidentified polygons were found and the labels corrected. A data model was added and additional attributes coded.
 Source_Used_Citation_Abbreviation: Walker and MacLeod, 1991
 Process_Date: 1993
 Source_Produced_Citation_Abbreviation: Raines, 1993, unpublished dataset
 Process_Contact:
 Contact_Information:
 Contact_Person_Primary:
 Contact_Person: Gary L. Raines
 Contact_Organization: U.S. Geological Survey

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Contact_Position: geologist

Contact_Electronic_Mail_Address: graines@usgs.gov

Process_Step:

Process_Description: During the initial digitization process, lines representing faults had been captured in a file separate from the geology unit polygons. A USGS contractor edited the fault linework to connect dotted and dashed fault segments into continuous lines. Fault type as well as dropdown direction were added as attributes.

Source_Used_Citation_Abbreviation: Raines, 1993, unpublished dataset

Process_Date: 1995

Source_Produced_Citation_Abbreviation: Raines and others, 1996 (version 1.0)

Process_Contact:

Contact_Information:

Contact_Person_Primary:

Contact_Person: Gary L. Raines

Contact_Organization: U.S. Geological Survey

Contact_Position: geologist

Contact_Electronic_Mail_Address: graines@usgs.gov

Process_Step:

Process_Description:

For this version 2.0 of the spatial database, the geologic unit and fault coverages were merged to produce a single topology.

Faults forming geologic unit boundaries (contacts) occurred twice in the Raines and others (1996) dataset, once in the fault coverage (coded as a fault) and a second time in the geology coverage (coded as a "contact").

During the process of topologically combining the two coverages, if a fault and a contact were coincident (+/- approx. 300 meters), the contact was eliminated and the remaining line retained the attribute coding inherited from the fault coverage.

The topological combination of geology and fault cover was accomplished as follows:

- 1) A buffer of fault lines was built with a buffer distance of 300 meters.
- 2) The buffer was intersected with the geology coverage, thus creating nodes at the approximate ends of sections of arc in the geology coverage that are duplicated by faults.
- 3) The faults were buffered again, this time at 325 meters. This buffer coverage was used to select the duplicate sections of arcs created in step 2. The selected arcs were deleted.
- 4) The fault arcs were imported into the geology coverage. Dangling contacts in the coverage were extended to intersect the imported faults. Extensive proofing and editing was required to insure that the geologic unit polygons closed properly against the introduced fault arcs.

The entire orgeo coverage was rubbersheeted to improve the fit with a georeferenced image of the basemap. The error in registration of the Raines and others (1996) dataset was typically 200-500 meters in the western part, but reached a maximum of 800-900 meters in the eastern third of the sheet. After adjustment, the registration of the dataset, generally is within 200-400 meters. The adjustment was accomplished by defining approximately 200 adjustment links throughout the map area, then interpolating between those links to form a

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uniform distribution of approximately 10000 links across the map. The high density of links provided a smooth transition in both direction and magnitude of adjustment from one area of the map to another.

In order allow the dataset to combined with map databases for adjacent states, modifications were made to database linework near the perimeter of the map area:

1) the map was cropped on the north along the Washington state boundary (generally following the center of the Columbia River).

2) the eastern and southern boundaries were replaced by state boundaries derived from USGS 1:100,000 scale Digital Line Graph files.

Source_Used_Citation_Abbreviation: Raines and others, 1996 (version 1.0)

Process_Date: 2000

Source_Produced_Citation_Abbreviation: Walker and others, 2003 (version 2.0)

Process_Contact:

Contact_Information:

Contact_Person_Primary:

Contact_Person: Robert J. Miller

Contact_Organization: U.S. Geological Survey

Contact_Position: geologist

Contact_Electronic_Mail_Address: rjmiller@usgs.gov

Process_Step:

Process_Description: Metadata imported.

Source_Used_Citation_Abbreviation:

C:\DOCUME~1\rmiller\LOCALS~1\Temp\xmlE.tmp

Spatial_Data_Organization_Information:

Direct_Spatial_Reference_Method: Vector

Point_and_Vector_Object_Information:

SDTS_Terms_Description:

SDTS_Point_and_Vector_Object_Type: Complete chain

Point_and_Vector_Object_Count: 62104

SDTS_Terms_Description:

SDTS_Point_and_Vector_Object_Type: Label point

Point_and_Vector_Object_Count: 17365

SDTS_Terms_Description:

SDTS_Point_and_Vector_Object_Type: GT-polygon composed of chains

Point_and_Vector_Object_Count: 17364

SDTS_Terms_Description:

SDTS_Point_and_Vector_Object_Type: Node, planar graph

Point_and_Vector_Object_Count: 49852

SDTS_Terms_Description:

SDTS_Point_and_Vector_Object_Type: Point

Point_and_Vector_Object_Count: 4

Spatial_Reference_Information:

Horizontal_Coordinate_System_Definition:

Planar:

Map_Projection:

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Map_Projection_Name: Lambert Conformal Conic
Lambert_Conformal_Conic:
Standard_Parallel: 33.000000
Standard_Parallel: 45.000000
Longitude_of_Central_Meridian: -120.500000
Latitude_of_Projection_Origin: 0.000000
False_Easting: 0.000000
False_Northing: 0.000000
Planar_Coordinate_Information:
Planar_Coordinate_Encoding_Method: coordinate pair
Coordinate_Representation:
Abscissa_Resolution: 0.004511
Ordinate_Resolution: 0.004511
Planar_Distance_Units: meters
Geodetic_Model:
Horizontal_Datum_Name: North American Datum of 1927
Ellipsoid_Name: Clarke 1866
Semi-major_Axis: 6378206.400000
Denominator_of_Flattening_Ratio: 294.978698
Entity_and_Attribute_Information:
Detailed_Description:
Entity_Type:
Entity_Type_Label: orgeo.aat
Attribute:
Attribute_Label: FID
Attribute_Definition: Internal feature number.
Attribute_Definition_Source: ESRI
Attribute_Domain_Values:
Unrepresentable_Domain: Sequential unique whole numbers that are automatically generated.
Attribute:
Attribute_Label: Shape
Attribute_Definition: Feature geometry.
Attribute_Definition_Source: ESRI
Attribute_Domain_Values:
Unrepresentable_Domain: Coordinates defining the features.
Attribute:
Attribute_Label: FNODE#
Attribute_Definition: Internal node number for the beginning of an arc (from-node).
Attribute_Definition_Source: ESRI
Attribute_Domain_Values:
Unrepresentable_Domain: Whole numbers that are automatically generated.
Attribute:
Attribute_Label: TNODE#
Attribute_Definition: Internal node number for the end of an arc (to-node).
Attribute_Definition_Source: ESRI

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Attribute_Domain_Values:
Unrepresentable_Domain: Whole numbers that are automatically generated.

Attribute:
Attribute_Label: LPOLY#
Attribute_Definition: Internal node number for the left polygon.
Attribute_Definition_Source: ESRI
Attribute_Domain_Values:
Unrepresentable_Domain: Whole numbers that are automatically generated.

Attribute:
Attribute_Label: RPOLY#
Attribute_Definition: Internal node number for the right polygon.
Attribute_Definition_Source: ESRI
Attribute_Domain_Values:
Unrepresentable_Domain: Whole numbers that are automatically generated.

Attribute:
Attribute_Label: LENGTH
Attribute_Definition: Length of feature in internal units.
Attribute_Definition_Source: ESRI
Attribute_Domain_Values:
Unrepresentable_Domain: Positive real numbers that are automatically generated.

Attribute:
Attribute_Label: ORGEO#
Attribute_Definition: Internal feature number.
Attribute_Definition_Source: ESRI
Attribute_Domain_Values:
Unrepresentable_Domain: Sequential unique whole numbers that are automatically generated.

Attribute:
Attribute_Label: ORGEO-ID
Attribute_Definition: User-defined feature number.
Attribute_Definition_Source: ESRI

Attribute:
Attribute_Label: LINECODE
Attribute_Definition: Numeric code used to identify type of linear feature. Linecodes < 100 are used for contacts and boundaries which are described in the ORGEO.CON file. Linecodes > 100 and < 600 represent structural features which are described in the ORGEO.ST2 file.

Attribute:
Attribute_Label: NAME
Attribute_Definition: Numeric code used to identify the data source for the linear feature. Complete references for the sources are listed in the ORGEO.REF file.

Attribute:
Attribute_Label: SOURCE_ID
Attribute_Definition: Unique numeric identifier for each object in the orgeo feature attribute tables (orggeo.aat and orggeo.pat). (This integer is NOT duplicated in the orggeo.pat feature attribute table.)

Appendix B

Attribute:
Attribute_Label: SPATIAL_OBJ_ID
Attribute_Definition: Indicates whether fault constitutes a contact between rock units

Attribute:
Attribute_Label: FAULT_CONT
Attribute_Definition: Indicates the sense of movement on the fault. The side indicated by the compass direction is downdropped.

Attribute:
Attribute_Label: DWNTHRWN
Detailed_Description:
Entity_Type:
Entity_Type_Label: orgeo.pat

Attribute:
Attribute_Label: FID
Attribute_Definition: Internal feature number.
Attribute_Definition_Source: ESRI
Attribute_Domain_Values:
Unrepresentable_Domain: Sequential unique whole numbers that are automatically generated.

Attribute:
Attribute_Label: Shape
Attribute_Definition: Feature geometry.
Attribute_Definition_Source: ESRI
Attribute_Domain_Values:
Unrepresentable_Domain: Coordinates defining the features.

Attribute:
Attribute_Label: AREA
Attribute_Definition: Area of feature in internal units squared.
Attribute_Definition_Source: ESRI
Attribute_Domain_Values:
Unrepresentable_Domain: Positive real numbers that are automatically generated.

Attribute:
Attribute_Label: PERIMETER
Attribute_Definition: Perimeter of feature in internal units.
Attribute_Definition_Source: ESRI
Attribute_Domain_Values:
Unrepresentable_Domain: Positive real numbers that are automatically generated.

Attribute:
Attribute_Label: ORGEO#
Attribute_Definition: Internal feature number.
Attribute_Definition_Source: ESRI
Attribute_Domain_Values:
Unrepresentable_Domain: Sequential unique whole numbers that are automatically generated.

Attribute:
Attribute_Label: ORGEO-ID

Appendix B

Attribute_Definition: User-defined feature number.

Attribute_Definition_Source: ESRI

Attribute:

Attribute_Label: MAP_UNIT

Attribute_Definition: Rock unit label. Map unit is described in the ORGEO.RU look-up table.

Attribute:

Attribute_Label: UNIT

Attribute_Definition: Numeric code used to identify rock unit. (This item also occurs in ORGEO.RU look-up table.)

Attribute:

Attribute_Label: SOURCE_ID

Attribute_Definition: Numeric code used to identify the data source for the rock unit.

Complete references for the sources are listed in the ORGEO.REF look-up table.

Attribute:

Attribute_Label: SPATIAL_OBJ_ID

Attribute_Definition: Unique numeric identifier for each object in the orgeo feature attribute tables (orggeo.aat and orggeo.pat). (This integer is NOT duplicated in the orggeo.aat feature attribute table.)

Detailed_Description:

Entity_Type:

Entity_Type_Label: orggeo.nat

Attribute:

Attribute_Label: FID

Attribute_Definition: Internal feature number.

Attribute_Definition_Source: ESRI

Attribute_Domain_Values:

Unrepresentable_Domain: Sequential unique whole numbers that are automatically generated.

Attribute:

Attribute_Label: Shape

Attribute_Definition: Feature geometry.

Attribute_Definition_Source: ESRI

Attribute_Domain_Values:

Unrepresentable_Domain: Coordinates defining the features.

Attribute:

Attribute_Label: ARC#

Attribute:

Attribute_Label: ORGEO#

Attribute_Definition: Internal feature number.

Attribute_Definition_Source: ESRI

Attribute_Domain_Values:

Unrepresentable_Domain: Sequential unique whole numbers that are automatically generated.

Attribute:

Attribute_Label: ORGEO-ID

Appendix B

Attribute_Definition: User-defined feature number.

Attribute_Definition_Source: ESRI

Distribution_Information:

Distributor:

Contact_Information:

Contact_Organization_Primary:

Contact_Organization:

Contact_Instructions:

Download digital data from the USGS World Wide Web site:

URL = <http://geopubs.wr.usgs.gov/open-file/of03-67/>

OR

http://geopubs.wr.usgs.gov/docs/wrgis/state_geol_maps.html

OR

Anonymous FTP from geopubs.wr.usgs.gov, in the directory `pub/open-file/of03-67`

Resource_Description: Downloadable data (orgeo.e00) for USGS Open-File Report 03-67

Distribution_Liability:

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This digital map dataset of the Geologic map of Oregon, is not meant to be used or displayed at any scale larger than 1:500,000 (for example, 1:100,000 or 1:24,000).

Standard_Order_Process:

Digital_Form:

Digital_Transfer_Information:

Format_Name: ARCE - ArcInfo export format

Transfer_Size: 20.699

Digital_Transfer_Option:

Online_Option:

Computer_Contact_Information:

Network_Address:

Network_Resource_Name: <http://geopubs.wr.usgs.gov/open-file/of03-67/>

Network_Resource_Name:

http://geopubs.wr.usgs.gov/docs/wrgis/state_geol_maps.html

Metadata_Reference_Information:

Appendix B

Metadata_Date: 20031222

Metadata_Contact:

Contact_Information:

Contact_Person_Primary:

Contact_Person: Robert Miller

Contact_Organization: U.S. Geological Survey.

Contact_Position: geologist

Contact_Address:

Address_Type: mailing address

Address: 345 Middlefield Rd, MS 901

City: Menlo Park

State_or_Province: CA

Postal_Code: 94025

Country: USA

Contact_Voice_Telephone: 650 329-5407

Contact_Electronic_Mail_Address: rjmiller@usgs.gov

Metadata_Standard_Name: FGDC Content Standards for Digital Geospatial Metadata

Metadata_Standard_Version: FGDC-STD-001-1998

Metadata_Time_Convention: local time

Metadata_Access_Constraints: none

Metadata_Use_Constraints: none

Metadata_Extensions:

Online_Linkage: <http://www.esri.com/metadata/esriprof80.html>

Profile_Name: ESRI Metadata Profile

Metadata_Extensions:

Online_Linkage: <http://www.esri.com/metadata/esriprof80.html>

Profile_Name: ESRI Metadata Profile